25X1 INTELLOFAX 17 Approved For Release No. 100 Pt. 100 P CLASSIFICATION SECRET INFORMATION REPORT CD NO. COUNTRY Europe (Soviet-occupied and Soviet Union) DATE DISTR. 28 June 1950 SUBJECT OB Situation of Soviet Ground Forces NO. OF PAGES 13 According to Information Obtained from 10 April to 10 May 1950 25X1 PLACE NO. OF ENCLS. l list **ACQUIRED** DATE OF URN TO CIA LIBRARY SUPPLEMENT TO INFO. * See below THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

Overall

1. a.In general, the reports received from the Sovietoccupied European countries up to the beginning of any 1950 do not indicate any changes in the strength of the Soviet Ground Force units during recent weeks. There are no indications that any units were withdrawn from the Soviet-occupied countries or that any new units arrived from the Soviet Union. Of note is a report stating that unusually large amounts of empty rolling stock were dispatched from the Cottbus and Frankfurt/Oder area to the east in late March and early April 1950. The information indicates the possibility of an assembly of rolling stock east of the Oder-Meisse line for military transportation operations, Small shipments of replacements and supplies arrived in the Soviet Zone of Germany from the Soviet Union in March and April 1950. The evacuation to the Soviet Union of Soviet dependents and the replacement by bachelor officers of married officers, whose terms of duty in the Soviet Zone of Germany were over, were observed up to the beginning of April 1950, as had been observed throughout the Winter of 1949/1950.

25X1

b. The training of troops was generally conducted at military post drill grounds or in the environs of military posts in March and early April 1950. Inspections, demonstrations and advanced combat practice firing were indicative of the end of this training period. Training marches of several days showed that the troops prepared for their forthcoming transfer to the troop training grounds. Troops in the Soviet Zone of Germany started leaving for troop training grounds in early April 1950, as expected. Reports on the departure of most of

				8\$	63	spected.	. R	eport:	3 on	the	depe	ırtu	re e	of r	ost	ot.		
						60	ŇFI	DEŅ	TIA	VE.	Docum No Sh	nent ange	No. In C	lass.	7/)]	25X1
				C	LAS	SSIFICATIO	N SE	CRET/										1
STATE		T	NAVY	•		NSRB		Dis	TUBIN	ION C		40041	- باجور	40: [13	3 /		
ARMY	\vec{w}	X	AIR	#	T,	FBI			T		Autu.	THR	FIDY	21 -	ולגו	<i>†</i> 1		
			,		Th CC let	is document ONFIDENTIA ter of 16 rector of C Shrow Rela	L'in a	ccordano er 1978	e with	the the	Data: DP82-0	0457	R005	1007	10010		-	
				.	Ne	xt Review	Date: 2	2008										

the divisions and headquarters units of the Eighth Gds Army, the Third Gds Mecz Army and the Fourth Gds Mecz Army were received. Reports from the Soviet Zone of Austria also indicated that troops started moving to troop training grounds about 20 April 1950.

c. Reports received between 10 April and 10 May 1959 confirmed or supplemented available data on the OB situation of the Soviet Cround Force units in the Soviet Zones of Germany and Austria.

2. Germany ·

a. General

(1) Reports received from 10 April to 10 May 1950 confirmed the known disposition of the Soviet Occupation Forces Germany up to mid-April 1950.

25X1C

- (2) Thirty-two units were confirmed or newly identified by precise data (______ numerical designations of units, names of officers) contained in reports received from 10 April to 10 May 1950 (see para 2, b (1)).
- (3) Annex (list) gives detailed data on the Soviet Order of Battle situation in Germany as of mid-April 1950.

b. Order of Battle Data

The following units in the Soviet Zone of Germany were confirmed or newly identified between 10 April and 10 May 1950.

(1) GHQ units of the Group of Occupation Forces Germany (60FC)

25X1C

36th Pon Bridge Regt, in Rosslau-Meinsdorf until 30 March 1950

25X1C 25X1C

25X1C

? No Gun Arty Regt/30th Gds Gun Arty Brig, in Potsdam-Nedlitz until March 1950

? No Engr Brig (Regt?), dam-Nedlitz until 5 March 1950

_ in Pots⊷

(2) Eighth Gds Army

Army Headquarters and CinC Colonel General Boldin in Weimar until March 1950

880th Engr Bn/XXVIII Gds Atz Rifle Corps, in Gera until 25 February 1950

Hq 39th Gds Mtz Rifle Div, in Rudolstadt until 23 March 1950

25X1

SECRET-

,25X1C	•	154th Sig Bn, in Rudolstadt until 22 March 1950		
25X1C		68th Gds Mecz Regt, in Halle until 3 April 1950		
5X1C		? No (114th?) Ads Mtrel Bn/21st Gds Mecz Div, in Halle until 17 February 1950		
	(3)	Third Shock Army		
25X1C		890th Engr Bn/ IXXIX Mtz Rifle Corps,	2	25X1C
057/40	•	? No Engr Bn/207th Mtz Rifle Div, in Hillors- leben until 30 March 1950		
25X1C	٠	Hq 19th Gds Mecz Div, in Wuensdorf until mid-March 1950		
25X1C		60th Mecz Regt, in Parchim until		
•	(4)	First Gds Mecz Army		
25X1C		265th Gds Mort Regt,in Wurzen until 17 March 1950		•
	. *	9th Gds Mtrcl En, in Dresden until 14 March 1950		
	(5)	Second Gds Mecz Army		
25X1C		Eq 31st AAA Div, in Schoenwalde until 22 Jarch 1950		
25X1C		49th Gds Tank Regt, in Neuruppin until 22 January 1950		
25X1C	e e	Hq 1st Mecz Div, in Doeberitz- Krampnitz until 3 April 1950		
25X1C		35th Mecz Regt, in Doeberitz until 4 April 1950		
25X1C		219th Tank Regt, in Doeberitz until 4 April 1950		
	(6)	Third Gds Mecz Army		
25X1C		Hq 14th Gds Mecz Div, in Jueter- bog until 7 April 1950		
25X1C		49th Gds Mecz Regt, in Jueterbog until 7 April 1950		•
				0EV4
		SECRET		25X1

Approved FORTE ase 2003/08/11 : CIA-RDP82-00457R005100710010-0 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

25X1A

	(7) Fourth Gds Mecz Army
25X1C	35th (?) Gds Mecz Regt, in Bernau until 4 April 1950
25X1C	16th Gds Mecz Regt, in Bad Freienwalde until 3 March 1950
25X1C	? No (28th?) Tank Bn/16th Gds Mecz Regt, in Bad Freienwalde until 12 February 1950
25X1C	17th Gds Mecz Regt, in Ebers- walde until 27 January 1950
25X1C	Hq 7th Gds Mecz Div, in Fuersten- walde until mid-March 1950
25X1C	57th Gds Tank Regt, in Frankfurt/ Oder until 18 January 1950
25X1C	288th AAA Regt, in Frankfurt/ Oder until 11 February 1950
25X1C	111th Tank Regt, in Frenzlau
25X1C	until 4 April 1950 61st Gds Tenk Regt, in Doeberitz until 27 February 1950
25X1C	248th Gds KL Bn, in Krampnitz until 12 April 1950
	(8) Unit, the superior headquarters of which is not known
25X1C	367th Gds SP Arty Regt (?), in Rathenow until 19 March 1950
	c. Strength and Organization
	(1) No new information on the strength and organization of Soviet units has been obtained.
•	
•	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SECREPA 25X1

d. Personnel

(1) No large-scale influx of recruits from the boviet Union was observed in March and early April 1950. As observed during previous months only a few-mostly small, shipments of replacements arrived, probably to fill vacancies.

A troop train carrying about 1,000 troops, coming from Brest Litovsk, proceeded toward Berlin on 20 March 1950. About 600 young troops from the Soviet Union arrived in Justerbog on 1 and 7 April 1950.

About 240 replacements were reported to arrive in Potsdam-Nedlitz in early March 1950, about 200 in Hillersleben in mid-March 1950 and about 150 in the Potsdam Delius Kaserne on 11 April 1950 .

It is considered possible that replacements may also have been shipped to replacement denots in Jueterbog and, possibly, Magdeburg, from where they were distributed to units.

(2) The following information on the evacuation of trained personnel to the Soviet Union was received:

Small groups of 10 to 20 men each left Stendal, possibly toward Magdeburg, in late February and early April 1950. Groups of 20 to 30 men of the 1925 and 1926 classes left the Potsdam Delius Kaserne for Frankfurt/Oder in March 1950. It is assumed that trained personnel due for discharge also left other military posts in a similar manner.

(3) The evacuation of Soviet dependents to the Soviet Union and the replacement by bachelor officers of married officers, whose term of duty in the Soviet Zone of Germany was over, were still observed in March and early april 1950. Reports on the arrival in the Soviet Zone of Germany of young officers were received in increasing number; e.g. 120 young officers arrived in Brandenburg in late January 1950;

200 officers (lieutenants up to and including captains), coming from Erest, arrived in Jueterbog on 1 April 1950 and a shipment of 250 young officers passed through Frankfurt/Oder, heading toward Eberswalde, on 22 April 1950. New officers arrived in Eernburg in early March 1950 while most dependents left at that time. Most of the married officers in Gera were replaced by bachelor officers in March 1950. Numerous trains carrying Soviet dependents left, via Kuestrin, in March and early April 1950.

SEPRET.	

CENTRAL

Training

(1) Troops, particularly young replacements, were trained at barracks and later in the neighboring terrain in March 1950. Inspections end demonstrations exercises (in Potsdam and Halle) and advanced combat practice firing at unit level (at training grounds near military posts) were reported from several military posts. Record firing by troops from Jueterbog was held at the Werder-Markendorf training grounds in mid-March An artillery regiment of the 30th Gds Gun Arty Erig from the Delius Kaserne, Potsdam, marching in battalions, went to the Jueterbog area by road in early March 1950 and returned to its post immediately upon completion of record firing practice.

Minilar observations were made in Bernburg and Cottbus

At numerous military posts, including Pasewalk, Krampnitz and Gera, motorized training marches of several days, including night marches, have been held since mid-Larch 1950.

- In March 1950 more advance details arrived at troop training grounds used in 1949, e.g. advance details of the 19th Gds Mecz Div arrived at Letzling Heath, those of the 39th Gds Mtz Rifle Div in Ohrdruf and those of the 6th Gds Mecz Div in the Templin area.
- According to reports on rail movements, military posts and other information, the transfer of troops to the troop training grounds, expected to take place during the first half of April 1950; started about 10 April 1950.

Numerous reports clearly indicate the following movements:

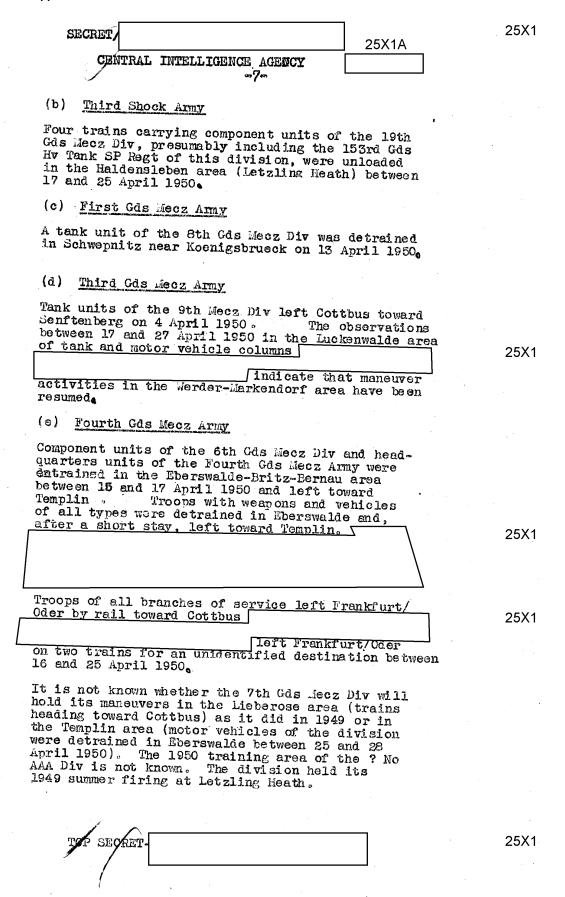
(a) Eighth Cds Army

Numerous westbound trains carrying tank and artillery units, particularly of the 20th and 21st Gds Mecz Divs and the 39th Gds Mtz Rifle Div passed through Erfurt between 18 and 22 April 1950.

the units were detrained on the Gotha-Eisenach line. It is therefore assumed with a high degree of certainty that, as in 1949, most of the Eighth Gds Army units were transferred to the troop training grounds of Ohrdruf Other and Kindel near Eisenach 🦤 reports state that units were entrained in Halle on 17 April 1950 (elements of the 19th Gds Hy Tank SP Regt/21st Gds Mecz Div) and in Zeitz on 18 April 1950 (67th Gds ecz Regt/20th Gds Mecz Div)

SECKET	
, ,	

25X1



25X1

(f) GHy Units of the GOFG

Artillery units of the 30th Gds Gun Arty Brig and component units of the 2d Gds AAA Div were reported to leave Potsdam for Altengrabow between 23 March The 2d Gds AAA Div, together and 3 April 1950 . with all other AAA units stationed in the Soviet Zone of Germany, held the 1949 maneuvers at the Letzling Heath.

The information can be summarized as follows: (4)

Indications are that most of the troop training grounds were occupied by the same units which were there in 1949. Although there have been only preliminary indications from the area of the Second Gds Mecz Army and only a little information from the Third Shock Army (19th Gds Mecz Div and 207th Mtz Rifle Div), the clearly discernible movements in the other army areas indicate that the component units of all armies started moving to troop training grounds during the first half of April 1950.

Transportation Situation

- (1) After an initial improvement, the transportation situation of the Soviet Zone reilroad showed a marked deterioration in April 1950. The number of loaded trains awaiting dispatch totaled 78 trains on 4 April and 81 on 14 April 1950. is due to a shortage of locomotives and coal. a total of 4,289 scheduled freight trains, 531 (more than 12 persent) had to be canceled on 14 April 1950 (359 for shortage of coal). On the same day, of a total of 3,831 passenger trains, 123 (about 32 percent) had to be canceled[18 for lack of coal).
- (2) The locomotive coal reserves have dwindled to 30.674 tons, 21,347 tons of which are emergency reserve, the remainder, 9,327 tons, service coal on hand. This amount represents two daily consumption rates. However, measures have now been initiated by the Soviets to correct this situation.

SECRET	
1	
2	

(3) Construction Projects

- (a) The Marzehn-Karow section of the northern half of the Berlin Outer Freight Ring which is being reconstructed has been put into operation. The completion of the remaining sections is being pushed.
- (b) The construction and putting into operation of a connection loop west of Jueterbog has improved the railroad connections of the Jueterbog-Altes Lager and Neues Lager Camps and relieved the single-track Berlin-Halle trunk line by eliminating shunting operations at the Jueterbog railroad station.
- (c) The train density on the Elsterwerda-Horka/ Wehrkirch line, of special importance for the Soviets, is to be increased by the improvement of the automatic blocking system. This work is scheduled to be completed this summer
- (d) A mobile track construction workshop sent to Johanngeorgenstadt in late March 1950 indicates that the planned construction of a second track on the Aue-Schwarzenberg-Johanngeorgenstadt line is to be started. This project is to improve the railroad system in the uranium mining district.

(4) Train Densities

Presumably by order of the Soviets the train densities of the lines and railroad stations (loading ramps and cart roads) in the Berlin railroad district had to be calculated at short notice in the last week of March •

(5) Empty Trains Dispatched to the East

The dispatching of an unusually large number of empty trains to the East from the area of Cottbus and Frankfurt/Oder began in late March and early April 1950. The composition of these trains (boxcars, flatcars and heavy-duty flatcars) may possibly indicate an assembly of transportation for military purposes

(6) The Soviet Zone Railroad Headquarters has made provision to run 286 special trains for the Whithin rally of the Free German Youth. This is only possible at the expense of scheduled passenger and freight traffic. Traveling traffic will be reduced to such a degree that it will practically come to a standstill during the period concerned. Only the interzonal traffic and Soviet shipments will not be affected by this measure.

SECKET.	ĺ
/	i

25X1

25X1

h. MGB/MVD Units

- (1) Information from several towns stated that MGB offices were recently dissolved and the personnel shipped away. In some cases small rear details remained.
- (2) The following information on MGB/MVD troops in the Soviet Zone of Germany is available:
- (a) The barracks on Leninstrasse (formerly Planitzstrasse), Chemnitz, were still occupied by a unit of 300 to 400 men in early April 1950.
- (b) The Dresden-Weixdorf Luftkriegsschule was still occupied on 2 March 1950 as previously reported.

Numerous motor vehicles were seen at the Eucher Kaserne (on Marien Allee) which was recently observed to be occupied by 500 to 600 MGB/MVD troops. The tactical symbol of a regimental headquarters was seen at the barracks gate on 15 March 1950.

- (c) The former Oberschule (high school) on Thurnerstrasse (previously referred to as Tannerstrasse), Freiberg, was still occupied by about 300 troops, allegedly organized into two units. Another unit of unidentified strength was stationed in Brand-Erbisdorf, south of Freiberg, on 29 March 1950.
- (d) The barracks on Reilstrasse, Halle, were occupied by 500 to 600 troops on 20 March and 6 April 1950 according to coinciding information reported that a regimental headquarters and one battalion were in the barracks.
- (c) MGB/MVD troops were for the first time observed in the former Reiter Kaserne, Ludwigslust, and at the Techentin airfield on 5 and 6 March 1950. The strength of the units is not known.
- (f) An MGB/MVD unit of about 200 men was again observed in Stendal on 14 March 1950.
- (g) An MGB/MVD unit of unidentified strength was first observed in the Schierke-Elend area on 15 March 1950. The unit was probably linked with uranium mining projects in that area.

i. Supply Situation

A report on Soviet major supply installations in the Soviet Zone of Germany has been submitted. Another report on numerou ther supply installations will be forwarded soon.

	I
	L 25X
SECRET.	
7	

Approved For Release 2003/08/11: CIA-RDP82-00457R00510025001A-0 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY -11-

3. Austria

Information obtained up to the beginning of May 1950 yielded the following data supplementing the previously known OB situation of the Soviet forces in the Soviet Zone of Austria.

a. General

March 1950 .

The general disposition of the Soviet Occupation Forces Austria remained constant up to mid-April 1950. Elements of all divisions of the Central Group of Forces and of the GHQ AAA unit were identified at their respective military posts up to the first half of April 1950. Recent months training of the troops in Austria is believed to have been essentially the same as that of the Soviet troops in Germany.

b.	The following units were confirmed	25X1
(1)	106th Gds Hv Tank SP Regt/13th Gds Mecz Div, in Kagran up to 20 March 1950 .	
(2)	44th Cds Weez Regt/13th Gds Weez Div.	25X1C

(3) 722d Motor Trans Bn/13th Gds Mecz Div in Vienna up to 18 March 1950 .

c. Beginning of the Maneuver Period

Information from Korneuburg indicates that the units of the 13th Gds Mecz Div were about to leave for troop training grounds on 21 April 1950 (entraining of ammunition, assembly of empty rolling stock). The anticipated transfer to the troop training grounds started in the area of the 13th Gds Mecz Div, according to a recent report stating that component units of the 13th Gds Mecz Div were entrained in Vienna between 25 and 26 April 1950. The observation of a truck heading for Doellersheim indicates that at least the 13th Gds Mecz Div went to that troop training grounds as it did in 1949 (39). Although pertinent information is available only from the area of the 13th Gds Mecz Div it can be assumed that the component units of the 95th Gds Mtz Rifle Div and the GHJ AAA unit of the Central Group of Forces also started leaving for troop training grounds.

in the Trost Kaserne, Vienna up to 14

4. Hungary - Rumania

a. Whereas no information on Soviet troops in Hungary was received during the period concerned,

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	25X1
SECRET	

25X1

25X1C

25X1C

25X1

25X1

several reports on Soviet troops in Rumania, particularly in the Banat, were obtained. situation in that area can be rated only with reservation as all reports were supplied by thus eliminating any possibility of comparison with, and confirmation by, other

Several Soviet units, including a tank regiment and an artillery regiment, were observed in the Timisoara-Arad area between late October 1949 and early larch 1950. Other observations

25X1

indicates that the troops may total about one It is not known however whether division . the troops belong to a unit which was previously assumed to be stationed in Rumania or to a unit which may have been transferred from the Soviet Union to Rumania during the Summer of 1949 .

More Soviet motorized units, including tank and AAA units, arrived in Timisoara between 2 and 10 April 1950.

25X1

The observation of troops bivouacking in that area indicates that they may have stayed there temporarily while en route to maneuver grounds.

Soviet units, including SP artillery and rocket launcher units, left their military posts of Timisoara and Arad at the same time, heading in a general northwest direction (possibly also going to maneuvers). These troops,

25X1

belonged to the unit which was assumed to be stationed in the Benat during the Winter of 1949/1950,

Soviet Union

a. All military personalities mentioned in Soviet newspapers as being elected to the Supreme Soviet of the Union and the Soviet of Nationalities on 12 March 1950 will be listed in another report unless they were mentioned in a previous report compiled from the lists of candidates nominated for the elections .

b. Soviet documents procured at military posts in the Soviet Zone of Germany gave further data on units stationed in the Soviet Union. The following OB data are of special interest:

1.	
/'	
SEØRET-	
4	
7	